Debtor 1	Stephen M. Crone				
Deptor 1	First Name	Middle Name	Last Name		
Debtor 2	Mary S. Crone; aka Mary A. Stevenson				
(Spouse, if fling)		Middle Name	Lasi Name		
United States Case number	40 40000 inc	ne: Northern District of	Ohio		

Official Form 427

Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement

12/15

Anyone who is a party to a reaffirmation agreement may fill out and file this form. Fill it out completely, attach it to the reaffirmation agreement, and file the documents within the time set under Bankruptcy Rule 4008.

	Who is the creditor?	Home Point Financial Corporation Name of the creditor
	How much is the debt?	On the date that the bankruptcy case is filed \$ 124,107.99
		To be paid under the reaffirmation agreement \$ 124,107.99 due to escrow
		§ 1,485.58 per month for 315 months (if fixed interest rate)
8	What is the Annual Percentage Rate (APR)	Before the bankruptcy case was filed
	of Interest? (See Bankruptcy Code § 524(k)(3)(E).)	Under the reaffirmation agreement 4.1250 % 🖼 Fixed rate Q Adjustable rate
. Does collateral secure the debt?		☐ No ☑ Yes. Describe the collateral. 2824 Forest Lane Willoughby Hills, OH 44094
		Current market value \$ 200,000.00
	Does the creditor assert that the debt is nondischargeable?	☑ No ☐ Yes. Attach an explanation of the nature of the debt and the basis for contending that the debt is nondischargeable.
() ()	Using Information from	Income and expenses reported on Schedules I and J Income and expenses stated on the reaffirmation agreement
	Schedule I: Your Income (Official Form 106I) and Schedule J: Your Expenses (Official Form	6a. Combined monthly income from \$ \frac{\frac{1284}}{284}\$ 6e. Monthly income from all sources after payroll deductions \$ \frac{1284}{284}\$
	106J), fill in the amounts.	6b. Monthly expenses from line 22c of \$\frac{4278.50}{5}\$ 6f. Monthly expenses - \$\frac{4278.5}{278.5}\$
		Schedule J
		Schedule J So Monthly payments on all \$ C
		6c. Monthly payments on all reaffirmed debts not listed on reaffirmed debts not included in

Official Form 427

Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement

page 1

7. Are the Income amounts on ilnes 6a and 6e different?	No Yes,	Explain why they are different and complete line 10	
Are the expense amounts on lines 6b and 6f different?	No Yes.	Explain why they are different and complete line 10	
9. Is the net monthly Income in line 5h less than 0?	No Yes.	A presumption of hardship arises (unless the creditor is a credit union). Explain how the debtor will make monthly payments on the reaffirmed debt and pay other living e Complete line 10.	xpenses.
10. Debtor's certification about lines 7-9 If any answer on lines 7-9 is Yes, the debtor must sign here. If all the answers on lines 7-9 are No, go to line 11.		I certify that each explanation on lines 7-9 is true and correct. ***The Correct Signature of Debtor 1 Signature of Debtor 2 (Spouse Only in a Joint Signature	It Case)
		Has the attorney executed a declaration or an affidavit to support the reaffirmation agreement? ☐ No ② Yes	
Slan More			
must sign here.	X /S/ N		en the
		ly Slutsky Simons, Attorney for Creditor	
		ck one: Debtor or Debtor's Attorney Creditor or Creditor's Attorney	
Official Form 427		Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement	age 2

k one.
Presumption of Undue Hardship
No Presumption of Undue Hardship
Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation
II below, to determine which box to check.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Northern District of Ohio

Stephen M. Crone In re Mary S. Crone; aka Mary A. Stevenson	Case No. <u>19-13823-jps</u>						
Debtor	Chapter 7						
REAFFIRMATIO	N DOCUMENTS						
Name of Creditor: Home Point Fit	nancial Corporation						
Check this box if Creditor is a Credit U	Jnion						
PART I. REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT							
Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. Before entering into this Reaffirmation Agreement, you must review the important disclosures, instructions, and definitions found in Part V of this form.							
A. Brief description of the original agreement being rea	ffirmed: 2824 Forest Lane Willoughby Hills, OH 44094						
	For example, auto loan						
B. AMOUNT REAFFIRMED: \$	124,107.99						
The Amount Reaffirmed is the entire amount that you are agreeing to pay. This may include unpaid principal, interest, and fees and costs (if any) arising on or before06/01/2019, which is the date of the Disclosure Statement portion of this form (Part V).							
See the definition of "Amount Reaffirmed" in Pa	rt V, Section C below.						
C. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE applicable to	the Amount Reaffirmed is4.1250 %.						
See definition of "Annual Percentage Rate" in P	art V, Section C below.						
This is a (check one) Fixed rate	Variable rate						
If the loan has a variable rate, the future interest rate madisclosed here.	r increase or decrease from the Annual Percentage Rate						

Form 2400A, Realtermation Documents						* Payment may change		
D. Reaffirmation Agreement Repayment Terms (check and complete one):				due to escrow				
V	2	\$_1,485.58 per month for315 months starting on06/01/2019						
	Describe repayment terms, including whether future payment amount(s) may be different from the initial payment amount.							
		* **						
E. Desc	cribe th	ne collateral, if any, see	curing the debt:					
		Description: Current Market Value		est Lane Willo	ughby Hills, 44094 200,000.00			
E D:1	ام امام	ot that is being reaffirm	20 202			ribed above?		
r. Dia		s. What was the purch				188,000.00		
ר		. What was the amount			s			
L	_					edit terms on the reaffirmed		
G. Spe debt an	cify th d any i	e changes made by thi related agreement:	s Reaffirmation A	greement to	the most recent cit	dit terms on the reaffirmed		
			Terms as of the Date of Bankrup	otcy	Terms After Reaffirmation	* Payment may change due to escrow		
	fees of Annua Month	ce due (including and costs) al Percentage Rate aly Payment	\$ 124,107.99 4.1250 % \$ 1,485.58*		\$ 124,107.99 4.1250 % \$ 1,485.58*			
H. Check this box if the creditor is agreeing to provide you with additional future credit in connection with this Reaffirmation Agreement. Describe the credit limit, the Annual Percentage Rate that applies to future credit and any other terms on future purchases and advances using such credit:								
PART	II.	DEBTOR'S STAT	TEMENT IN SU	JPPORT O	F REAFFIRMA	TION AGREEMENT		
A. We	re vou	represented by an atto	rney during the co	ourse of nego	tiating this agreem	ent?		
			No					
D. In th		litor a credit union?						
D. IS U		k one. Yes	∨ No					

Page 2

C. If your answer to EITHER question A. or B.	above is "No," cor	mplete 1. and 2. below.
---	--------------------	-------------------------

1.	Your p	resent monthly income and expenses are:					
	a. Mon (take-h	thly income from all sources after payroll deductions ome pay plus any other income)	s <u>4284</u>				
	b. Mon this on	thly expenses (including all reaffirmed debts except e)	s_2793				
	c. Amo	ount available to pay this reaffirmed debt (subtract b. from a.)	s <u>1491</u>				
	d. Amo	ount of monthly payment required for this reaffirmed debt	s <u>1485.5</u> 8				
	If the monthly payment on this reaffirmed debt (line d.) is greater than the amount you have available pay this reaffirmed debt (line c.), you must check the box at the top of page one that says "Presumption of Undue Hardship." Otherwise, you must check the box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undue Hardship."						
2.	You be	elieve that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undue dents because:	hardship on you or your				
	Check	one of the two statements below, if applicable:	*				
	You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt because your monthly income is greater than your monthly expenses even after you include in your expenses the monthly payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one.						
		You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt ever is less than your monthly expenses after you include in your exp all debts you are reaffirming, including this one, because:	en though your monthly income enses the monthly payments on				
	Use a	n additional page if needed for a full explanation.					
D. If	your an	swers to BOTH questions A. and B. above were "Yes," check the applicable:	following				
		You believe this Reaffirmation Agreement is in your financial i make the payments on the reaffirmed debt.	nterest and you can afford to				
Also	, check t	he box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undu	e Hardship."				

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PART III. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR(S) AND SIGNATURES OF PARTIES

I hereby certify that:

- I agree to reaffirm the debt described above. (1)
- Before signing this Reaffirmation Agreement, I read the terms disclosed in this Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I) and the Disclosure Statement, Instructions and Definitions included in Part V below; (2)
- The Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above) is true and (3) complete;
- I am entering into this agreement voluntarily and am fully informed of my rights and (4)

responsibilities; and	
(5) I have received a copy of this completed and signed Reaffirmation Documents form.	
SIGNATURE(S) (If this is a joint Reaffirmation Agreement, both debtors must sign.):	
Date 7/19/19 Signature Mary Cone	
Date Signature Joint Debtor, if any	
Reaffirmation Agreement Terms Accepted by Creditor:	N 1011 20 22 0
Creditor Home Point Financial Corporation c/o Sottile & Barile, 394 Wards Corner Road, Suite 180, Loveland, OH 45	140
Print Name	
Molly Slutsky Simons /s/ Molly Slutsky Simons Date Date	
Print Name of Representative Signature	
PART IV. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR'S ATTORNEY (IF ANY) To be filed only if the attorney represented the debtor during the course of negotiating this agreement. I hereby certify that: (1) this agreement represents a fully informed and voluntary agreement by the debtor; (2) this agreement does not impose an undue hardship on the debtor or any dependent of the debtor; and (3) I have fully advised the debtor of the legal effect and consequences of this agreement and any default under this agreement. A presumption of undue hardship has been established with respect to this agreement. In my opinion, however, the debtor is able to make the required payment. Check box, if the presumption of undue hardship box is checked on page I and the creditor is not a Credit Union. Date This Signature of Debtor's Attorney Print Name of Debtor's Attorney	

PART V. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS TO DEBTOR(S)

Before agreeing to reaffirm a debt, review the terms disclosed in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above) and these additional important disclosures and instructions.

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. The law requires you to take certain steps to make sure the decision is in your best interest. If these steps, which are detailed in the Instructions provided in Part V, Section B below, are not completed, the Reaffirmation Agreement is not effective, even though you have signed it.

A. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- 1. What are your obligations if you reaffirm a debt? A reaffirmed debt remains your personal legal obligation to pay. Your reaffirmed debt is not discharged in your bankruptcy case. That means that if you default on your reaffirmed debt after your bankruptcy case is over, your creditor may be able to take your property or your wages. Your obligations will be determined by the Reaffirmation Agreement, which may have changed the terms of the original agreement. If you are reaffirming an open end credit agreement, that agreement or applicable law may permit the creditor to change the terms of that agreement in the future under certain conditions.
- Are you required to enter into a reaffirmation agreement by any law? No, you are not required to reaffirm a debt by any law. Only agree to reaffirm a debt if it is in your best interest. Be sure you can afford the payments that you agree to make.
- What if your creditor has a security interest or lien? Your bankruptcy discharge does not eliminate any lien on your property. A "lien" is often referred to as a security interest, deed of trust, mortgage, or security deed. The property subject to a lien is often referred to as collateral. Even if you do not reaffirm and your personal liability on the debt is discharged, your creditor may still have a right under the lien to take the collateral if you do not pay or default on the debt. If the collateral is personal property that is exempt or that the trustee has abandoned, you may be able to redeem the item rather than reaffirm the debt. To redeem, you make a single payment to the creditor equal to the current value of the collateral, as the parties agree or the court determines.
- 4. How soon do you need to enter into and file a reaffirmation agreement? If you decide to enter into a reaffirmation agreement, you must do so before you receive your discharge. After you have entered into a reaffirmation agreement and all parts of this form that require a signature have been signed, either you or the creditor should file it as soon as possible. The signed agreement must be filed with the court no later than 60 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors, so that the court will have time to schedule a hearing to approve the agreement if approval is required. However, the court may extend the time for filing, even after the 60-day period has ended.
- 5. Can you cancel the agreement? You may rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement at any time before the bankruptcy court enters your discharge, or during the 60-day period that begins on the date your Reaffirmation Agreement is filed with the court, whichever occurs later. To rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement, you must notify the creditor that your Reaffirmation Agreement is rescinded (or canceled). Remember that you can rescind the agreement, even if the court approves it, as long as you rescind within the time allowed.

- 6. When will this Reaffirmation Agreement be effective?
 - a. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement and
 - i. if the creditor is not a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court unless the reaffirmation is presumed to be an undue hardship. If the Reaffirmation Agreement is presumed to be an undue hardship, the court must review it and may set a hearing to determine whether you have rebutted the presumption of undue hardship.
 - ii. if the creditor is a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court.
 - b. If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, the Reaffirmation Agreement will not be effective unless the court approves it. To have the court approve your agreement, you must file a motion. See Instruction 5, below. The court will notify you and the creditor of the hearing on your Reaffirmation Agreement. You must attend this hearing, at which time the judge will review your Reaffirmation Agreement. If the judge decides that the Reaffirmation Agreement is in your best interest, the agreement will be approved and will become effective. However, if your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, or other lien on your real property, like your home, you do not need to file a motion or get court approval of your Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 7. What if you have questions about what a creditor can do? If you have questions about reaffirming a debt or what the law requires, consult with the attorney who helped you negotiate this agreement. If you do not have an attorney helping you, you may ask the judge to explain the effect of this agreement to you at the hearing to approve the Reaffirmation Agreement. When this disclosure refers to what a creditor "may" do, it is not giving any creditor permission to do anything. The word "may" is used to tell you what might occur if the law permits the creditor to take the action.

B. INSTRUCTIONS

- Review these Disclosures and carefully consider your decision to reaffirm. If you want to reaffirm, review and complete the information contained in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above). If your case is a joint case, both spouses must sign the agreement if both are reaffirming the debt.
- Complete the Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above). Be sure that
 you can afford to make the payments that you are agreeing to make and that you have received a copy of
 the Disclosure Statement and a completed and signed Reaffirmation Agreement.
- If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, your attorney must sign and date the Certification By Debtor's Attorney (Part IV above).
- You or your creditor must file with the court the original of this Reaffirmation Documents packet and a completed Reaffirmation Agreement Cover Sheet (Official Bankruptcy Form 427).
- 5. If you are not represented by an attorney, you must also complete and file with the court a separate document entitled "Motion for Court Approval of Reaffirmation Agreement" unless your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a lien on your real property, such as your home. You can use Form 2400B to do this.

C. DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Amount Reaffirmed" means the total amount of debt that you are agreeing to pay (reaffirm) by entering into this agreement. The total amount of debt includes any unpaid fees and costs that you are agreeing to pay that arose on or before the date of disclosure, which is the date specified in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I, Section B above). Your credit agreement may obligate you to pay additional amounts that arise after the date of this disclosure. You should consult your credit agreement to determine whether you are obligated to pay additional amounts that may arise after the date of this disclosure.
- 2. "Annual Percentage Rate" means the interest rate on a loan expressed under the rules required by federal law. The annual percentage rate (as opposed to the "stated interest rate") tells you the full cost of your credit including many of the creditor's fees and charges. You will find the annual percentage rate for your original agreement on the disclosure statement that was given to you when the loan papers were signed or on the monthly statements sent to you for an open end credit account such as a credit card.
- "Credit Union" means a financial institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 461(b)(1)(A)(iv). It is owned
 and controlled by and provides financial services to its members and typically uses words like "Credit
 Union" or initials like "C.U." or "F.C.U." in its name.